Occupied housing units

Rank		Percent	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Itariit	United States	66.8	66.5	67.0
1	Minnesota	76.6	75.4	77.9
	Michigan	74.5	73.8	75.2
	Idaho	74.4	73.0	75.8
	West Virginia	73.9	72.6	75.1
	Iowa	73.6	72.7	74.6
	Utah	73.3	72.1	74.4
7	New Hampshire	72.9	71.5	74.2
	Delaware	72.8	71.4	74.1
	Wyoming	72.4	71.0	73.8
	Indiana	71.8	70.4	73.3
	Pennsylvania	71.8	71.2	72.3
	Alabama	71.7	70.8	72.6
	Vermont	71.2	70.0	72.5
	Maine	70.6	69.4	71.8
	Colorado	70.4	69.5	71.3
	Missouri	70.4	69.4	71.4
	Florida	70.4	69.7	70.8
	Kentucky	70.2	68.8	70.8
	Ohio	70.2	69.6	70.8
	Mississippi	70.2	69.0	70.8
	South Carolina	69.8	68.3	71.3
	New Mexico	69.5	68.2	71.3
	Maryland	69.4	68.6	70.7
	Tennessee	69.3	68.0	70.2
	South Dakota	69.2	67.9	70.5
	Virginia	69.1	68.2	70.5
	Wisconsin	69.1	68.0	70.3
	Montana	68.9	67.6	70.3
	Illinois	68.6	68.0	69.1
				69.6
	Kansas Arizona	68.6	67.6 67.0	69.5
	Georgia	68.3	66.8	69.7
	North Carolina	68.3	66.8	69.8
	Oklahoma	68.0	67.0	69.1
	Arkansas	67.8	66.4	69.3
	Nebraska	67.8	66.5	69.1
	Connecticut	67.7	66.7	68.8
	North Dakota	67.2	66.0	68.3
	Louisiana	67.1	65.9	68.3
	New Jersey	66.7	65.9 63.7	67.4 65.4
	Massachusetts Texas	64.4	63.7	65.1
	Washington			
		64.3	63.1 61.9	65.5
	Oregon Rhode Island	63.0	61.5	64.4
	Alaska	62.4	61.0	63.9
		61.9	60.4	
	Nevada California	58.1	57.5	63.4 58.6
	Hawaii		57.5	60.1
	New York	56.6	53.1	54.7
		54.2		
51	District of Columbia	42.0	40.8	43.2

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2003 American Community Survey

The table above shows the margin of error, represented by the lower and upper bounds of the 90-percent confidence interval. The confidence interval gives a range of values likely to include the population true value. The smaller the confidence interval the more precise the estimate of the characteristic of interest.

An 'N' entry in the estimate, lower bound, and upper bound columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.